

Key figures for corporate social responsibility

Ripple effects for society in 2017 in Norway

All amounts in NOK 1,000

8 969 304*
value generation

1 280 000
taxes and duties

4 298
Jobs

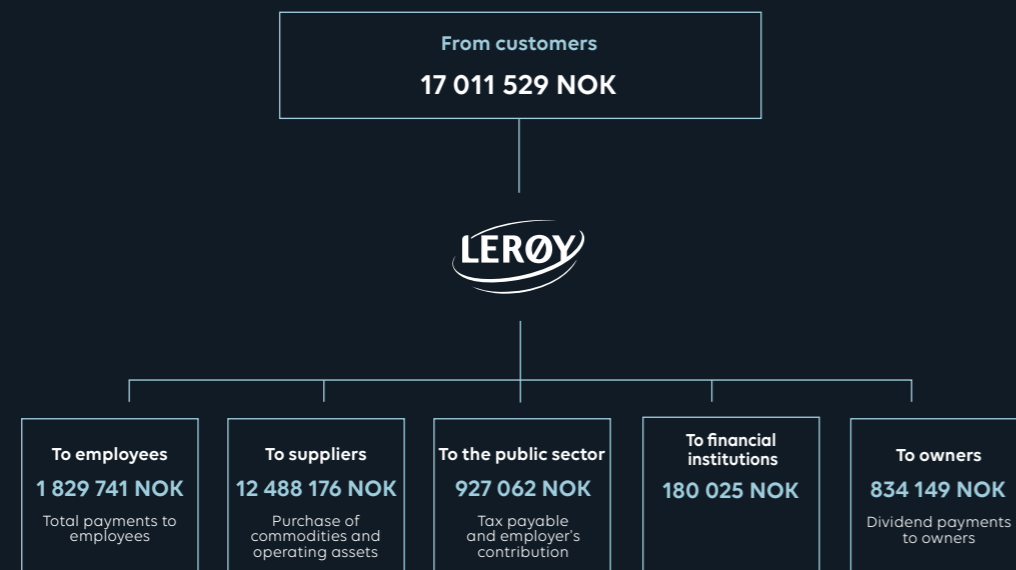
1 215
Places in nursing homes

7 186
Children in municipal kindergartens

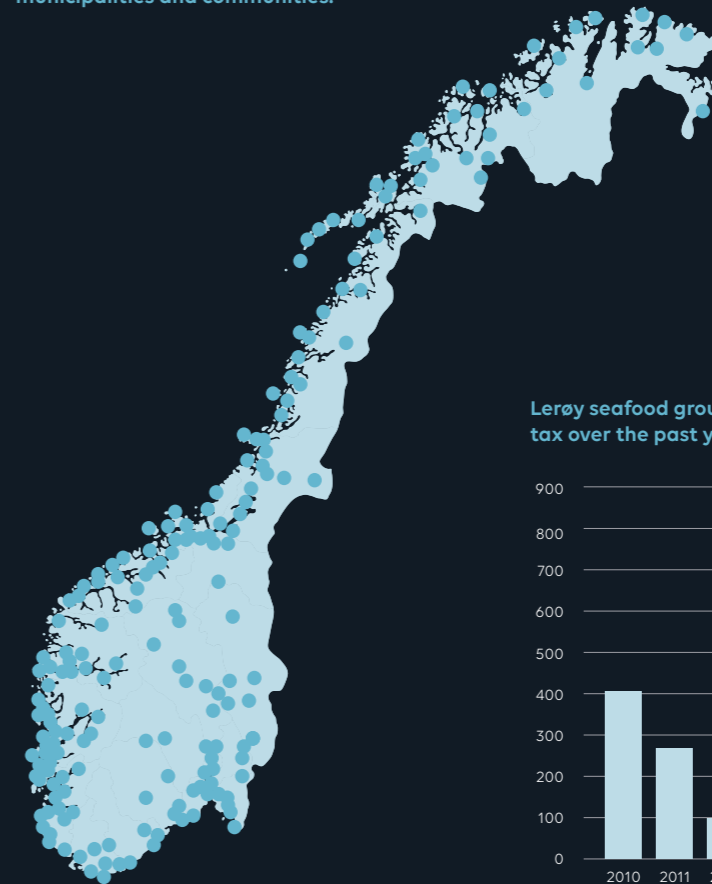
*Subject to prevailing market prices

Economic value generation and distribution per sector in 2017 in Norway

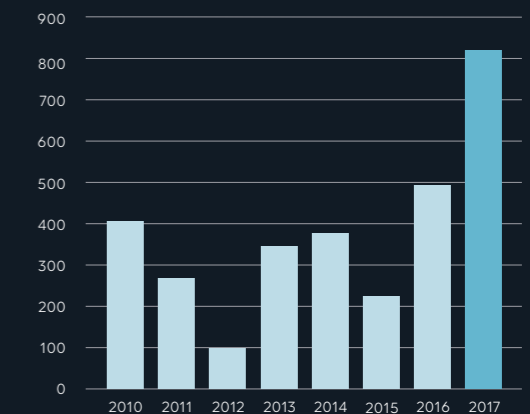
All amounts in NOK 1,000



In 2016, Lerøy seafood group made a number of different contributions to local municipalities and communities.



Lerøy seafood group has paid over NOK 3 Billion in tax over the past years. (Tax payable 2010-2017)



60 municipalities

We had company activities in approx. 60 different Norwegian municipalities

NOK 12.5 billion

We purchased goods and services amounting to NOK 12.5 billion from 287 different Norwegian municipalities

NOK 460 million

Our employees paid tax income to 257 different Norwegian municipalities at a total value of NOK 460 million

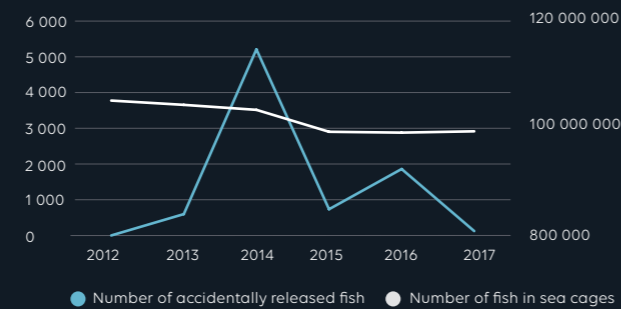
Key figures for corporate social responsibility

Environment

Accidental release

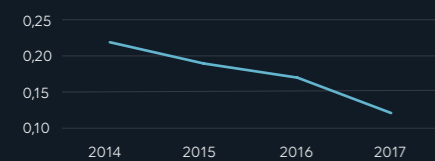
Accidental release from fish farms in Norway in 2017 was very low. The Group can in fact report a record low number of accidentally released fish. The reduction from 2016 to 2017 was in total 93%.

Number of accidentally released fish per year, salmon and trout



Lice

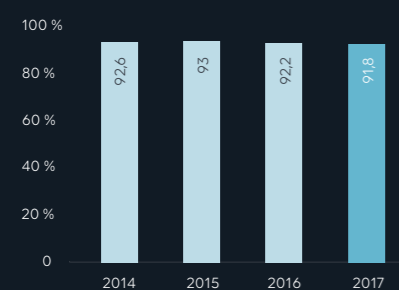
Trend curve for development of fully grown lice



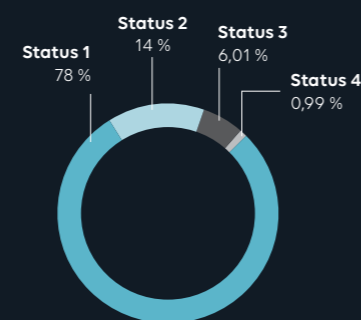
In comparison with 2016, we recorded:

- a reduction of 29.4% in the average number of fully grown lice per fish
- a reduction of 51% in the use of active agents for treatment
- a reduction of 19.8% in the number of cages that required treatment

Survival, rolling 12 month (GSI)%



Location status



0 antibiotics have been used to treat fish in 2017:

The use of antibiotics is almost at zero in the Norwegian fish farming industry. No antibiotics were used by Lerøy Seafood Group in 2017.

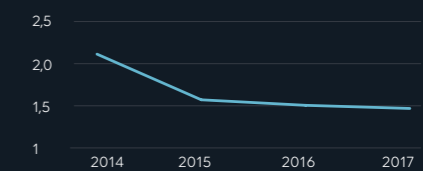
CO2e utslipp

CO2e emissions for fish are in general low. When compared with other types of proteins we eat, salmon has the lowest eco-footprint.

Emissions of greenhouse gases Scope 1 + 2 for Farming segment (Tonnes CO2e / tonne gross growth)



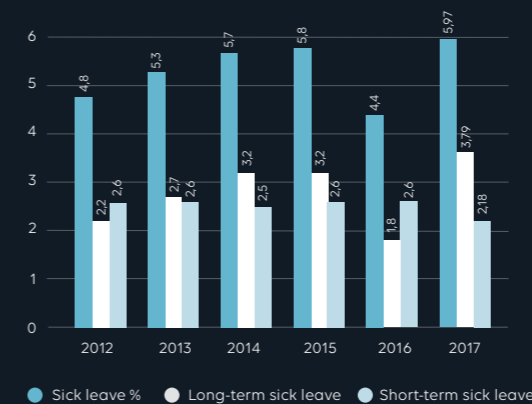
FIFO fish oil



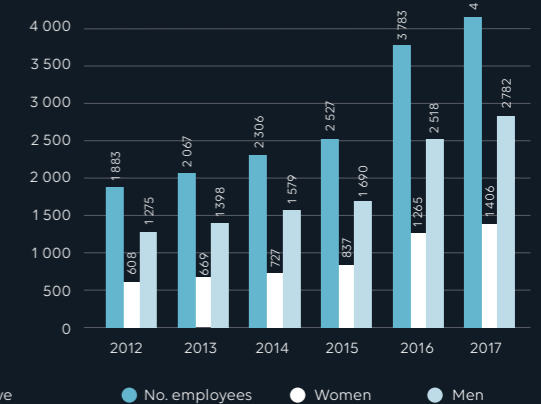
The Wild Catch and Whitefish segment had its first full calendar year with LSG in 2017: Emissions from this segment in 2017 were: 0.620 tonnes of CO2e / tonne seafood

Society

Sick leave



No. employees



Fatal accidents

Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Fatal accidents	1	0	0	0	0	0